

## **Post-Vaccination Instructions for Student Influenza Vaccination**

- ◆ **Fever Observation:** About 1-2% of recipients may experience a fever within 48 hours after vaccination. When seeking medical care, please inform the doctor of your vaccination history. If the fever persists beyond 48 hours, be alert for other possible infections.
- ◆ **Emergency Symptoms:** If severe symptoms occur, such as persistent fever, changes in consciousness or behavior, difficulty breathing, or rapid heartbeat, seek medical help immediately and notify school staff.
- ◆ **Personal Hygiene:** While vaccination reduces the risk of influenza infection, it does not prevent common colds caused by other viruses. It is recommended to maintain good personal hygiene and wash hands frequently to stay healthy.
- ◆ **Vasovagal Reactions (Fainting) in Group Vaccination Settings:** Fainting often occurs during group vaccination of adolescents, primarily due to psychological stress or fear of needles, resulting in dizziness or nausea. This is unrelated to vaccine safety and has no long-term effects. If symptoms persist after the individual returns home, immediate medical attention is advised.
- ◆ **Specific Medical Conditions:** Individuals with coagulation disorders or those taking anticoagulants should apply pressure to the injection site for at least 2 minutes and closely monitor for any signs of persistent bleeding or hematoma.
- ◆ **Additional Information on Vaccine Doses:** For elementary school students in Grade 2 or below receiving the influenza vaccine for the first time, a second dose may be administered at least four weeks after the first dose at a medical clinic at their own expense.